(ख) भविष्य में कृषि के उन्नयन हेतु उत्तर प्रदेश में कितने कृषि विज्ञान केन्द्र और खोले जाने की संभावना है; और

(ग) ये केन्द्र कब से कार्य करना आरम्भ कर देंगे ?

गैर-पारम्परिक ऊर्जा स्रोत मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री और कृषि मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री का अतिरिक्त प्रभार (श्री एस. कृष्ण कुमार): (क) महोदय, उत्तर प्रदेश में 25 कृषि विज्ञान केन्द्र हैं। नाम तथा पता से संबंधित विवरण संलग्न है। **(नीचे देखिए)**

(ख) और (ग) भारतीय कृषि अनुसंधान परिषद का यथा समय देश के प्रत्येक जिले में एक कृषि विज्ञान केन्द्र खोलने का इरादा है जो वित्तीय साधनों की उपलब्धता पर निर्भर करता है।

विवरण

उत्तर प्रदेश में स्थित कृषि विज्ञान केन्द्रों की सूची

1. बहराइच, जिला बहराइच
2. बस्ती, जिला बस्ती
3. पिल्खी, जिला मऊ
4. अखेलथन्डवा फार्म, जिला बलिया
5. अराजीलाइन फार्म, जिला वाराणसी
6. रानीचौरी, जिला पौढ़ी गढ़वाल
7. भरारी, जिला झांसी
8. थैरियो फार्म, जिला फतेहपुर
9. कलाइ फार्म, जिला अलीगढ़
10. अफजलगढ़ नगीना, जिला बिजनौर
11. बघारा, जिला मुज्जफ्रनगर
12. रामपुर, जिला रामपुर
13. उझायनी, जिला बदायूं
14. छोलाल, तहसील हादरी, जिला गाजियाबाद
15. इज्जतनगर, जिला बरेली
16. के. एन. आई. सुल्तानपुर, जिला सुल्तानपुर
17. पशु चिकित्सा महाविद्यालय, मथुरा, जिला मथुरा
18. दरियापुर फार्म, रायबरेली, जिला रायबरेली
19. आवागढ़, जिला एटा
20. बारकच्छा, जिला मिर्जापुर
21. गोपाल ग्राम, जिला गोंडा
22. चित्रकूट, गन्नीवान फार्म, जिला बान्दा
23. घोरी (सोरों) इलाहाबाद, जिला इलाहाबाद
24. सोहना, जिला, सिद्धार्थनगर
25. हस्तिनापुर, जिला मेरठ

Central Assistance to Southern States

3115. SHRI PRABHAKAR B. KORE : Will the Minister of AGRICULTUE be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is fact that Southern States like Karnataka, Kerala, Tamil Nadu have been recently affected by heavy rain and cyclone;

(b) if so, what relief operations with facts and figures including financial assistance has been extended to these States; and

(c) what are the details in this regard, state-wise ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ARVIND NETAM) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) Apart from the Central share of Calamity Relief Fund (CRF) for 1992-93, Government of India had released 2 advance instalments of Central share of CRF for the year 1993-94 amounting to Rs. 10.125 crores, Rs. 11.625 crores and Rs. 14.625 crores to the States of Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu respectively. The Governments of Tamil Nadu and Kerala have also been released Ways and Means advances of Rs. 50.00 crores each and Government of Karnataka Rs. 30.00 crores. An amount of Rs. 75.00 lakhs has been released by Government of India for relief and rehabilitation in the affected areas of Pondicherry.

2. The State Governments have undertaken various relief measures in the affected areas. These include :—

(i) Evacuation of population from low lying areas.

(ii) Operation of Relief camps.

(iii) Dropping of Food packets in marooned areas.

(iv) Distribution of ex-gratia payment to the families of deceased.

(v) Providing assistance for repair/reconstruction of damaged houses.

(vi) Distribution of Agriculture input Subsidy.

(vii) Assistance for loss of animals.

Allocation of Funds to Small and Marginal Farmers of Andhra Pradesh

3116. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that an amount of Rs. 53.80 crores has been allocated to Andhra Pradesh to protect the special interest of small and marginal farmers;

(b) if so, what are the guidelines for its utilisation and how it is spent; and

(c) the full details in this regard ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ARVIND NETAM) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The following schemes were suggested as guidelines :—

(i) Buffer-stocking of quality seeds/seed production in North-East;

(ii) Schemes for provision of bore/shallow tube-wells, etc.;

(iii) Drip irrigation system among small/marginal cotton cultivators;

(iv) Land development including reclamation of soils;

(v) Strengthening infrastructure for small/marginal farmer cooperatives for poultry, fishery, fruit/vegetables, etc;

(vi) Improving storage/retail outlet, provision of soil testing laboratories, to promote fertilizer use in low consumption areas;

(vii) Promote use of small tractors;

(viii) Setting up fertilizer quality control infrastructure; and

(ix) Establishment of biological control laboratories.

States were allowed adequate flexibility in preparing the schemes from amongst the guidelines or as per felt needs and local conditions. The State of Andhra Pradesh has taken up the following schemes for implementation :—

(i) Buffer stocking of seeds.

(ii) Creation of irrigation facilities by providing bore-wells/shallow tubewells/dugwells/tanks/drip irrigation system/lift irrigation, etc.

(iii) Scheme on Biofertilizers and biopesticides.

(iv) Small Tractors

(v) Strengthening of Soil Testing Laboratories

(vi) Scheme on Sericulture

(vii) Scheme on Milk Production

(viii) Scheme on Fisheries.